

## The Indian's Panacea.

FOR the cure of Rheumatism, Scrofulous or King's Evil, Gout, Sciatica, or Hip-Gout, Incurable Cancers, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, particularly Ulcers and painful affections of the bones. Ulcerated Throat and Nose-trit; Ulcers of every description, Fever sores and internal Abscesses; Fistulas, Pilos, Scald-head, Scarcey, Biles, Chronic, Sore Eyes, Eye red-siphas, Blches, and every variety of contagious Affection, Chronic Cataract, Headache, proceeding from an acrid humor; Pain in the Stomach and Dyspepsia, proceeding from vitiation; Affections of the Liver, Chronic Inflammation of the Kidneys, and general debility, caused by a torpid action of the vessels of the skin. It is singularly efficacious by removing those constitutions which have been broken down by injudicious treatment, or juvenile irregularities. In general terms, it is recommended to all those diseases which arises from iniquity in the blood, vitiation of the humors, or what ever name or kind.

Some of the above complaints may require some trifling assistant applications, which the circumstances of the case will dictate; but for a general remedy or Purifier, to remove the cause, THE INDIAN'S PANACEA will generally be found sufficient

### To the Public.

How true it is, that modern Physicians—in their ambition to excel in their profession; to explore the vast fields of science by the aid of Chemistry, and seek out new remedial agents; in short to arrive at perfection in the practice by means of ART alone,—overlook and neglect, as beneath their notice, the rich and bountiful stores of medicine, which the almighty has caused to spring out of the earth in every clime! And how much more true it is, that while the American Physician looks to foreign countries for many of his most common and necessary articles perpetually changing as they are the dictates of fashion or folly he is surrounded in his own country with an endless profusion.

The congenital, efficacy and safety of vegetable remedies over mineral, may be estimated by contrasting the ancient practice with the modern; or, to bring it more immediately under our own observation, the Indian practice with that of the whites. Who, in America, has not known or heard of repeated instances wherein some decrepit, unpretending female Indian by means of her simple remedies alone, has effected the most rapid and astonishing cures, after the whole Materia Medica of the common practice, directed in the most skilful manner has failed? And who has not been surprised at beholding the comparative ease and facility with which the Indian frees himself of any disease, and at the almost total absence of chronic disease among them. Who has ever heard of an Indian with a constitution broken and ruined by ill treatment? And can a doubt exist, that this happy exemption of the savage from most of the ills which the flesh of civilized man is heir to, is wholly owing to the more general and safe remedies which he employs. This astonishing difference in success is a fair exemplification of the infinite superiority of the simple and safe means of cure which God has created for the benefit of his children, over those which the pride and the art of man have invented.

From a long residence among a portion of the aboriginal inhabitants of this country, and an intimate acquaintance with the methods of cures of some of their most successful practitioners, the proprietor of the "THE INDIAN'S PANACEA," acquired a knowledge of some of their most powerful and favorable remedies. From these he selected such as were most efficacious and appropriate, and after various experiments to test their principles and strength he has combined them in the form here presented, as the most perfect and beneficial for the purpose for which it is recommended.

The proprietor offers this preparation to the public, with the consciousness that he is placing with its reach, a remedy capable of relieving many of his afflicted fellow beings, who are suffering under the various chronic and obstinate complaints to which it is applicable. To such it will prove of incalculable value, as the means, and in many cases the only means of relieving their sufferings and restoring them once more to health and happiness. This is not offered as a common remedy, that may perchance be equally good with many others now in use, but as one which is capable of saving life in many extreme cases, when all the usual remedies fail. Thus it has done repeatedly; and this is the reputation it has obtained wherever it has been introduced.

It is only about three years since this preparation was first presented to the public; but in that short space of time, some hundreds of persons might be found, who would solemnly declare that they believed that their lives were saved by it, and in most cases after they had tried many perhaps all the common remedies in vain. Wherever it is known it is rapidly coming into use, and thus affords the most substantial and convincing proof of its merits.

The value of the Panacea, is most conspicuous in those long standing and obstinate syphilitic and scrofulous affections which have defied all other remedies, and particularly in those cases where mercury has been so lavishly used as to cause distressing pains in the bones, nodes, mercurial ulcers, derangement of the digestive organs, &c. This it completely removes and in all cases entirely eradicates the disease, and the effects of mercury, renovates the constitution, and leaves the patient sound and well. In Rheumatisms and in ulcerated sore throat, its happy effects are not less apparent, giving almost immediate relief.

Taken in proper doses, THE INDIAN'S PANACEA operates as an alternative, and detergent; a diaphoretic, diuretic and laxative; an antispasmodic and antiseptic, and in proper cases, as a stomachic and emmenagogue. Generally expressed, it increases all the secretions and excretions, gives tone to the stomach, and excites action in the glands in a particular manner. From these principles its operation may be understood.

This medicine has been found highly useful in many ambiguous diseases not here specified, and it has been used with wonderful success as a Spring and Fall purifier, by those who are subject to complaints of the chest, and whose constitutions require new vigor. Such persons will do well to use two or three bottles in small doses. Whenever a cold drink is considered necessary, the Panacea, taken in a small dose, will answer all its purposes, in much less time, at less expense, and in a far more agreeable manner, than the common diet drink.

The following certificates, out of hundreds similar which might be produced, are given to show the effect of THE INDIAN'S PANACEA, in the various complaints therein mentioned; and also to exhibit in the most satisfactory manner its superiority over the syrups in common use.

### CASES OF RHEUMATISM.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 15, 1831.  
During the last winter and spring, I was afflicted with a very severe and distressing Rheumatism, occasioned by exposure in bad weather. I now take great pleasure in stating, that six bottles of the Indian's Panacea, restored me to perfect health, and I confidently recommend it to all similarly afflicted.

JOHN FERGUSON, King-st.

CHARLESTON, March 27, 1832.  
I was seized about three years since with a distressing Rheumatism caused by taking a severe cold while under the influence of mercury, and which has disabled me from business nearly ever since. During this period I have been a patient in the Marine Hospital in this City, upwards of four months nearly, and the same length of time in the Baltimore Hospital, and tried almost every remedy, with little benefit. On the 10th of February last, at that time scarcely able to move about upon my feet, I commenced the use of THE INDIAN'S PANACEA. In one month I found myself entirely

cured from the pain, and am now happy to state that I feel myself perfectly well.

WM. TUCKER, 13 Market-st.

CURE FOR SCROFOLOUS ULCERS.

New York, Sept 10, 1830.

This may certify, that in the fall of 1825, I was seized with a swelling in my neck and face, which afterwards ulcerated and became large, gashly ulcers in my neck. After trying several Physicians to no advantage, I went to Philadelphia, and placed myself under the care of Drs. Physick and Beach, when, after repeated salivation to no effect, I was pronounced totally incurable. Afterwards I took twenty bottles of Swain's Panacea and eight bottles of Potter's Cathartick, with no material benefit. Despairing of life, which had now become a burden to me, I returned to my parents in New York in 1829, and gave myself up to a lingering death. Hearing of the great success of THE INDIAN'S PANACEA, however, in cases similar to my own, I was persuaded to try it, as a last resort. To my great surprise as well as satisfaction, I soon found myself rapidly recovering, and upon taking seven bottles, the ulcers healed and became perfectly well in the course of two months, and have remained so ever since. I make this statement and wish it published for the benefit of those who are suffering under similar scrofulous or syphilitic affections, that they may know what has cured one who has suffered every thing but death, and who considers his life saved by the above syrup.

WM. HINMAN.

The above Medicine may be had at

WILLIAM REYNOLDS

DRUG STORE, CAMDEN, S. C.

### NOTICE.

Those indebted to M'CASKILL & ROSSER, on note or account, for 1833 '4 and '5 are requested to make payment, as it is desirable to close the books of that concern.

P. M'CASKILL.

April 9-11-15

### ENGLISH

#### GARDEN SEED

The subscribers are now receiving a supply of English Garden Seeds, of the growth of 1835, which they can recommend with great confidence to their friends and customers, as being fresh and genuine.

Among which are the following

Early Dutch Cabbage,	Garden Cress,
Late Dutch	Giant Asparagus,
Large Early York	Curled Parsley,
Sugar Leaf	White Solid Celery,
Large Drumhead;	Large Globe Artichoke,
Mountain	Long Orange Carrot,
Green Glazed	Early Orange Horned
Early Curled Savoy,	Croc Necked
Cabbage or Collards,	Red Clover Seed,
Curled Scotch Kale,	Long White Ochra,
Early Cauliflower:	Short
Late	Early June Peas,
Early White Broccoli,	Early Charlton do
" "	Early Garden Hotpot
Fine Brusselose,	Early Dwarf Marrowfat
Early Spring Turnips	Large
Late Flat Dutch	Dwarf Green Imperial
" "	Royal Dwarf Peppermint
Yellow Malters	Early Speckled Beans
White Norfolk	" Mohawk
Aberdeen, or Scotch do	Dwarf Prolific white
Yellow Buta Baga	White English Mustard,
Large Flanders Spinach	White Kidney
Trickley	Summer bush SQUASH
New Zealand	do crook neck
Long Blood Beet,	Crook neck Caskaw,
Early Turnip	Long Green Cucumber,
Yellow Sugar	Prickly Gherkins,
English Yellow	Early Long Cauliflower,
Fine Sugar	do pickles,
Mangle Wurtzel,	Georgia or
Swelling Sugar Turnip.	Sea Island Water Melon
Guernsey	(a superior kind)
Long Scarlet Radish,	Apple seed,
Scarlet Short top do	Winter Citrull,
Large Saimond	(for preserving)
White Turnip	Large Musk Melon
Red	Cantelope
Black Winter	Nutmeg
Curled Endive,	Vegetable Oyster,
Long Green Cucumber,	Nasturtium,
Early	Large Bell Pepper,
Saltish or Vegetable Oyster	Cayenne
Peppergrass, or Curled Cress,	Round smooth Tomatoes
Fine Cantelope Melon	Garden Cress,
Nutmeg	Peppergrass,
Green Citron	Curled Parsley,
Pine Apple	Solid Celery,
Persian	Sage
Island Watermelon	Red Clover seed,
Cayenne Pepper.	White Marrowfat PEAS
Catmato Shaped	Early June
Bell	Charlton
Purple Egg Plant	Sugar
Nasturtium	Bishop's Prolific dwarf
True Tart Rhubarb	Early Mohawk Beans,
	do China dwarf
	do white Kidney
	do dwarf
	Superior white pole
	Variiegated Cranberry
	Lima
	Early Toscana Corn
	do Sugar
	do Golden Sweet do
	(a choice kind.)

The above catalogue of seed completes the assortment of seed for this climate, a general stock which will always be kept on hand and sold at the usual prices.

YOUNG & M'KAIN.

### REGIMENTAL ORDER,?

Camden, August 2d, 1836

A N election is hereby ordered to be held at the respective muster grounds of the companies in the upper Battalion on Friday the 30th September next, for Major to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Lt. Col. Quillin.

Officers commanding companies will cause this order to be carried into execution and returns made to the Col. as soon thereafter as possible. By order of Col. John Chisolm.

J. D. MURRAY, Adj't 22d Reg S.C.M.

Extract of the law governing the election for Major

That when the commission of Major shall become vacant, the Colonel, and if there be no Col. the officer next in command in the said regiment, shall order each Captain or commandants of a company, to call to his assistance two of his subaltern officers, or other fit and proper persons to open and hold a poll at their respective muster grounds, giving forty days notice, by advertising in three public places in the bounds of their command; the said managers shall hold the poll on one day at their muster ground, from eleven o'clock in the morning until three o'clock in the afternoon, and shall meet on the battalion muster ground, or some public house near the same, on the day following, and count over the votes and declare the election.

August 6—28—15

### Saddle and Harness Making.

The subscriber tenders his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him in his profession, and gives notice that he has moved to Broad Street, a few doors above Mrs. M. Adams' Hotel, where he hopes by assiduity and attention, to merit a continuance of the patronage hereafter extended to him.

JAMES ROBERTS

August 6—28—15

## SOUTH CAROLINA

### ST. MIER DISTRICT.

Jeremiah Pitts applicant,

v.

James Brunson, Joseph Brunson, Mary Brunson, wife of Isaac Brunson, Jun'r. dec'd.) Mary Brunson, (wife of Daniel Brunson dec'd.) Benjamin May, William Wilder and Mary his wife, the children of Daniel and Margaret Holladay, J. J. Brunson, Washington Brunson, James Brunson and Sarah Beers, children of Mrs. Banister, John J. Banister, and children, of Susannah Banister, dec'd., children of Daniel and Mary Brunson, children of Jeremiah and Valentine Pitts, and children of Lemuel B. Davis, and Matilda his wife, John M. Dorgan, guardian ad-litem for Minors defendants.

IT appearing to my satisfaction that Mary Brunson wife of Daniel Brunson John Banister, Daniel Holladay, the children of Daniel and Mary Brunson, also the children of Daniel and Margaret Holladay, James Brunson, and Sarah Beers (and others if any) of the legal heirs and representatives of Isaac Brunson Sen'r. dec'd. Reside without this State. It is therefore ordered, that they do appear and object to the division or sale of the real Estate of Isaac Brunson Sen'r. on before the first Monday in October next, or their consent to the same will be entered of record.

WILLIAM LEWIS,

Ordinary & D.

July 30—27—h

### FRESH GARDEN SEEDS, OF THE COUNTRY OF 1835,

FOR SALE BY P. THORNTON.

Having much of the following:

Early York CABBAGE	do
Late Dutch	do
Large Early York	do
Sugar Leaf	do
Large Drumhead;	do
Mountain	do
Green Glazed	do
Early Curled Savoy,	do
Cabbage or Collards,	do
Curled Scotch Kale,	do
Early Cauliflower:	do
Late	do
Early White Broccoli,	do
" "	do
Purple do	do
Fine Brusselose,	do
Early Spring Turnips	do
Late Flat Dutch	do
" "	do
Yellow Malters	do
White Norfolk	do
Aberdeen, or Scotch do	do
Yellow Buta Baga	do
Large Flanders Spinach	do
Trickley	do
New Zealand	do
Long Blood Beet,	do
Early Turnip	do
Yellow Sugar	do
English Yellow	do
Fine Sugar	do
Mangle Wurtzel,	do
Swelling Sugar Turnip.	do
Guernsey	do
Long Scarlet Radish,	do
Scarlet Short top do	do
Large Saimond	do
White Turnip	do
Red	do
Black Winter	do
Curled Endive,	do
Long Green Cucumber,	do
Early	do
Saltish or Vegetable Oyster	do
Peppergrass, or Curled Cress,	do
Fine Cantelope Melon	do
Nutmeg	do
Green Citron	do
Pine Apple	do
Persian	do
Island Watermelon	do
Cayenne Pepper.	do
Catmato Shaped	do
Bell	do
Purple Egg Plant	do
Nasturtium	do
True Tart Rhubarb	do